Soil Disturbance Permit

What you will need:

- o W9
- o Escrow form
- o 2 sets of Engineer plans
- o 2 copies of survey
- o 2 checks 1) for \$1,500, made out to the Borough of Kinnelon 2) \$ based on the cubic ft. being removed

The "application fee" is either \$150 for soil movement between 50 cy & 500 cy OR \$500 for soil movement greater than 500 cy.





Phone: 973-838-5401 Extension 1 Fax: 973-838-1862

BOROUGH CLERK

NEW ACCOUNT ESCROW INFORMATION SHEET

ESCROW	REQUIRED FOR: (CIRCLE ONE	E) <u>PLANNING BRD</u>	BRD OF ADJUSTMENT	SOIL REMOVAL
DATE:		ļ	APPLICATION#:	
1	. Applicant Name:			
2	. Applicant Date of Birth: _			
3	. Mailing Address:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Manager and Association (Manager and Association)			***************************************
4	. Block:			
5	. Lot:			
6.	. Daytime Phone#			
7.	. Cell Phone #			
8	. Property Address:			
9.	. Escrow Amount:			
1:	0. E-mail Address:			

Form (Rev. December 2011) Department of the Treasury

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

mern	al Heastine net aire										
	Name (as show	on your income tax return)									
le 2,	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above										
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) >								Exempt payee		
Print or type : Instructions	Other (see instructions) >										
Fife	Address (numbe	; street, and apt. or suite no.) Request	er's na	ame an	d adr	dress (optior	al)			
)ec						,		•			
See S r	City, state, and 2	IP code									
	List account num	ber(s) here (optional)		1							
Ca	***************************************	ayer Identification Number (TIN)									
		ppropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line	Socia	l secur	ity n	umber	r -				
to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a											
TIN o	n page 3.	٢								٦,	
		in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose	Employer identification nu					nber			
	er to enter.			-							
Pat	Certi	ication									
Unde	r penalties of per	ury, I certify that:									
1. Th	e number shown	on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a numbe	er to b	e issu	ed to	o me),	and				
Se	rvice (IRS) that I	packup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have n am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or divider backup withholding, and	iot bed ads, o	en not r (c) th	ified ie IR	l by th iS has	e Inte notif	rnal Ri ied me	evenu that	ie I am	
3. Lar	m a U.S. citizen d	r other U.S. person (defined below).									
pecau nteres gen <i>era</i>	se you have faile st paid, acquisitio	ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are done to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, it is not abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individent than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you remaind the certification of the certification.	tem 2 ⁄idual i	does i retiren	not a nent	apply. : arran	For r	nortga int (IRA	ge N), and	đ	
Sign						,					
dere	IIS nareon	Mata &									

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Gertify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- · An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/ disregarded entity name" line.

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
 - 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
- 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 - 10. A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
 - 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
 - 13. A financial institution.
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for				
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9				
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.				
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5				
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 '	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²				

See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt Payee on page 3.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.